# NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 (Unaudited and Expressed in US Dollars)

POET TECHNOLOGIES INC.

ONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POS xpressed in US Dollars)	SITION March 31, 2019	Audited December 31, 2018
Assets		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalent	\$ 955,250	\$ 2,567,868
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	450.404	946,944
Prepaids and other current assets (Note 5)	150,404	2,936,619
Inventory (Note 6) Non-current assets held for sale (Note 21)	20,901,110	436,833
Non-current assets field for sale (Note 21)	20,901,110	_
	22,006,764	6,888,264
Property and equipment (Note 7)	142,543	9,299,513
Patents and licenses (Note 8)	433,545	466,714
Intangible assets (Note 9)	714,000	802,409
Goodwill (Note 2)	1,050,459	7,681,003
	\$ 24,347,311	\$ 25,137,903
Liabilities		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 10)	\$ 630,196	\$ 3,040,422
Disposal group liabilities (Note 21)	4,086,905	-
	4,717,101	3,040,422
Deferred tax liability	292,740	1,000,427
Deferred rent	-	1,814
	5,009,841	4,042,663
Shareholders' Equity		
Share capital (Note 11(b))	112,028,194	112,028,194
Warrants and compensation options (Note 12)	8,303,738	8,303,738
Contributed surplus (Note 13)	36,875,187	36,042,754
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,991,175)	(2,083,514
Deficit	(135,878,474)	
	19,337,470	21,095,240
	\$ 24,347,311	\$ 25,137,903

Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND DEFICIT (Expressed in US Dollars)

(Expressed in 66 Boildis)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 2018
	2013 2010
Operating expenses Selling, marketing and administration (Note 20) Research and development (Note 20) Other income, including interest	\$ 1,524,873 \$ 1,448,897 302,254 610,450 (3,244) -
Operating expenses	<b>1,823,883</b> 2,059,347
Net loss from continuing operations	<b>(1,823,883)</b> (2,059,347)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes (Note 21)	<b>(858,659)</b> (1,115,460)
Net loss	<b>(2,682,542)</b> (3,174,807)
Deficit, beginning of period Net loss	(133,195,932) (116,873,153) (2,682,542) (3,174,807)
Deficit, end of period	<b>\$(135,878,474)</b> \$(120,047,960)
Basic and diluted loss per share, continuing operations (Note 14) Basic and diluted loss per share, discontinued operations (Note 14) Basic and diluted net loss per share (Note 14)	\$ (0.01) \$ (0.01) \$ - \$ - \$ (0.01) \$ (0.01)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Expressed in US Dollars)		
	Three Months Ende	
	2019	March 31, 2018
Net loss	\$ (2,682,542)	\$ (3,174,807)
Other comprehensive income - net of income taxes Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	92,339	260,972
Comprehensive loss	\$ (2,590,203)	\$ (2,913,835)

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Expressed in US Dollars)

For the Three Months Ended March 31,		2019	2018
Share Capital  Beginning balance Funds from the exercise of warrants Fair value assigned to warrants exercised Funds from the exercise of stock options Fair value assigned to stock options exercised Funds from common shares issued on public offering Share issue costs Fair value of compensation options issued to brokers Fair value of warrants issued on public offering	\$	112,028,194 \$ - - - - - - - -	103,616,221 1,028,269 447,183 82,275 77,185 10,663,548 (1,193,144) (479,204) (2,286,426)
March 31,		112,028,194	111,955,907
Warrants Beginning balance Fair value of warrants issued on public offering Fair value of compensation options issued to brokers Fair value assigned to warrants exercised		8,303,738 - - -	5,985,378 2,286,426 479,204 (447,183)
March 31,		8,303,738	8,303,825
Contributed Surplus Beginning balance Stock-based compensation Fair value of stock options exercised		36,042,754 832,433 -	32,102,967 792,122 (77,185)
March 31,		36,875,187	32,817,904
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Beginning balance Other comprehensive income attributable to common shareholders - translation adjustment		(2,083,514) 92,339	(1,758,632) 260,972
March 31,		(1,991,175)	(1,497,660)
Deficit Beginning balance Net loss		(133,195,932) (2,682,542)	(116,873,153) (3,174,807)
March 31,	(	(135,878,474)	(120,047,960)
Total shareholders' equity	\$	19,337,470 \$	31,532,016

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in US Dollars) For the Three Months Ended March 31,

For the Three Months Ended March 31,	2019	2018
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss Discontinued operation, net of tax (Note 21)	\$ (2,682,542) 858,659	\$ (3,174,807) 1,115,460
Net loss, continuing operations	(1,823,883)	(2,059,347)
Adjustments for: Depreciation of property and equipment (Note 7)	33,513	30,861
Amortization of patents and licenses (Note 8) Stock-based compensation (Note 13)	14,705 722,327	13,948 699,913
Stock-based compensation (Note 13)	·	
Net change in non-cash working capital accounts:	(1,053,338)	(1,314,625)
Prepaid and other current assets	28,730	(88,726)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	108,814	471,640
Cash flows from operating activities, continuing operations	(915,794)	(931,711)
Cash flows from operating activities, discontinued operations (Note 21)	(553,920)	(549,640)
	(1,469,714)	(1,481,351)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of patents and licenses (Note 8)	-	(1,500)
Cash flows from investing activities, continuing operations Cash flow from investing activities, discontinued operations (Note 21)	- (153,192)	(1,500) (1,034,693)
	(153,192)	(1,036,193)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Issue of common shares for cash from the exercise of warrants, stock options and public offering, net of issue costs Loss attributable to non-controlling interest	<u>-</u> -	10,580,948 -
Cash flows from financing activities, continuing operations Cash flow from financing activities, discontinued operations (Note 21)	<u>-</u> (46,439)	10,580,948
	(46,439)	10,580,948
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH, continuing operations	56,076	217,848
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH, discontinued operations (Note 21)	651	
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH, discontinued operations (note 21)	031	(63,179)
TOTAL EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH	56,727	154,669
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, continuing operations	(859,718)	9,865,585
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, discontinued operations (Note 21)	(752,900)	(1,647,512)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	2,567,868	4,974,478
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 955,250	\$ 13,192,551

2019

2018

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

POET Technologies Inc. is incorporated in the Province of Ontario. POET Technologies Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") are developers and manufacturers of optical source products and photonic integrated devices for the sensing, datacom and telecom markets. The Company's head office is located at 120 Eglinton Avenue East, Suite 1107, Toronto, Ontario, Canada M4P 1E2. These condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on May 30, 2019.

These condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that the Company will have sufficient cash to pay its debts, as and when they become payable, for a period of at least 12 months from the date the financial report was authorised for issue.

As at March 31, 2019, the Company has accumulated losses of \$(135,878,474) and working capital of \$17,289,663. Working capital includes \$20,901,110 of non-current asset held for sale and \$4,086,905 of disposal group liabilities related to the proposed sale of the Company's subsidiary, DenseLight Semiconductors Pte. Ltd. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company had negative cash flows from operations of \$1,469,714. The Company has prepared a cash flow forecast which indicates that it does not have sufficient cash to meet its minimum expenditure commitments and therefore needs to raise additional funds to continue as a going concern. As a result, there is substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

To address the future funding requirements, management has undertaken the following initiatives:

- 1. Entered into discussions to secure debt financing.
- 2. Initiated a strict working capital monitoring program.
- 3. Continued their focus on maintaining an appropriate level of corporate overheads in line with the Company's available cash resources.
- 4. Filed a preliminary short-form prospectus to raise a maximum \$50 million through a public offering of either equity securities, debt securities or a combination of both.

In line with its needs for additional financing, on April 3, 2019 and May 3, 2019, the Company closed the first and second tranches of a private placement of convertible debentures that raised gross proceeds of \$1,446,027 (CAD\$1,929,000) and \$1,089,552 (CAD\$1,460,000) respectively (the "Debentures"). The Debentures are unsecured, bear interest at 12% per annum, compounded annually with 1% payable at the beginning of each month and mature on April 3, 2021 and May 3, 2021. The Company paid \$134,639 (CAD\$179,951) in brokerage fees related to the closing of these two tranches.

Additionally, the Company arranged for a credit facility (the "Bridge Loan") to be provided by Espresso Capital Ltd which will grant the Company access to a maximum USD\$5,000,000. The Company signed the loan documents on April 18, 2019 and was advanced USD\$2,000,000 on April 23, 2019.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

These condensed unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed below:

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Basis of presentation

These condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of POET Technologies Inc. and its subsidiaries; ODIS Inc. ("ODIS"), Opel Solar Inc., BB Photonics Inc., BB Photonics UK Limited (collectively "BB Photonics") and DenseLight Semiconductors Pte. Ltd ("DenseLight"). Pursuant to a letter of intent ("LOI") received by the Company on February 1, 2019 from a third party to purchase DenseLight, management committed to a plan to sell DenseLight. Effective February 1, 2019, the accounts of DenseLight have therefore been classified as discontinued operations on the statements of operations and deficit and non-current asset held for sale and disposal group liabilities on the statement of financial position. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

#### **Business combinations**

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The acquisition cost is measured at the acquisition date at the fair value of the consideration transferred, including all contingent consideration.

Subsequent changes in contingent consideration are accounted for through the condensed consolidated statements of operations and deficit and condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss in accordance with the applicable standards.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is initially measured at cost, being the difference between the fair value of the consideration transferred including the recognized amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the net recognized amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date. If the net of the amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Acquisition-related costs, other than those that are associated with the issue of debt or equity securities that the Company incurs in connection with a business combination, are expensed as incurred.

#### Foreign currency translation

These condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars ("USD"), which is the Company's presentation currency.

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Company's subsidiaries are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities not denominated in the functional currency of an entity are recognized in the statement of operations and deficit.

Assets and liabilities of entities with functional currencies other than U.S. dollars are translated into the presentation currency at the year end rates of exchange, and the results of their operations are translated at average rates of exchange for the year. The resulting translation adjustments are included in accumulated other comprehensive loss in shareholders' equity. Additionally, foreign exchange gains and losses related to certain intercompany loans that are permanent in nature are included in accumulated other comprehensive loss. Elements of equity are translated at historical rates.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Financial Instruments**

IFRS 9 introduced new classification and measurement models for financial assets. The investment classifications held-to-maturity and available-for-sale are no longer used and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") were introduced. Financial assets held with an objective to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which arise on specified dates that are solely principal and interest are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt investments held with an objective to hold both assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which arise on specified dates that are solely principal and interest as well as selling the asset on the basis of fair value are measured at FVTOCI. All other financial assets are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). Financial liabilities are classified as either FVTPL or other financial liabilities, and the portion of the change in fair value that relates to the Company's credit risk is presented in other comprehensive income (loss). Instruments classified as FVTPL are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in net income (loss). Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets and financial liabilities, other than financial assets and financial liabilities classified as FVTPL, are added to or deducted from the fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities classified as FVTPL are recognized immediately in consolidated net income (loss).

#### **Derecognition**

#### Financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

#### Financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized from the balance sheet when it is extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged, cancelled or expires. Where there has been an exchange between an existing borrower and lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms, or there has been a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability, this transaction is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. A gain or loss from extinguishment of the original financial liability is recognized in profit or loss. The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The following table outlines the classification of financial instruments under IAS 39 and the revised classification on the adoption of IFRS 9:

	Original classification under IAS 39	New classification under IFRS 9
Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost
Short-term investments	FVTPL	Amortized cost
Accounts receivable	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost
Financial Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized costs	Amortized cost

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Convertible debentures are accounted for as a compound financial instrument with a debt component and a separate equity component. The debt component of these compound financial instruments is measured at fair value on initial recognition by discounting the stream of future interest and principal payments at the rate of interest prevailing at the date of issue for instruments of similar term and risk. The debt component is subsequently deducted from the total carrying value of the compound instrument to derive the equity component. The debt component is subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Interest expense based on the coupon rate of the debenture and the accretion of the liability component to the amount that will be payable on redemption are recognized through profit or loss as a finance cost.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in current accounts of \$655,250 and funds invested in US Term Deposits of \$300,000 earning interest at 1.80% and maturing in less than 90 days.

Cash and cash equivalents include restricted funds of \$187,616 which serves as a bank guarantee for the purchase of certain equipment. The bank guarantee is reduced on a monthly basis by \$10,424 which is amount paid monthly in settlement of the outstanding balance on the equipment.

#### Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are amounts due from customers from the sale of products or services in the ordinary course of business. Accounts receivables are classified as current (on the consolidated statements of financial position) if payment is due within one year of the reporting period date, and are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost.

In determining a default provision, the Company utilizes a provision matrix, as permitted under the simplified approach to measure expected credit losses. In doing so management considered historical credit losses, forward-looking factors specific to the Company's debtors and other macro-economic factors to arrive at expected default rates. The default rates are then applied to the Company's aging to determine expected credit losses. The carrying amount of trade receivables is reduced by the expected credit losses. If the financial conditions of these customers were to deteriorate and the Company determines that no recovery of a trade receivable is possible, the amount is deemed irrecoverable and subsequently written-off. Accounts receivable at December 31, 2018 related to revenue earned by DenseLight. Accounts receivable at March 31, 2019 has been reclassified to non-current asset held for sale (see Note 21).

#### Inventory

Inventory consists of raw material inventory, work in process, and finished goods and are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on a first in first out basis and includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to its present condition.

An assessment is made of the net realizable value of inventory at each reporting period. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. When circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in net realizable value because of changed economic circumstances, the amount of any write down previously recorded is reversed so that the new carrying amount is the lower of the cost and the revised net realizable value. Raw materials are not written down unless the goods in which they are incorporated are expected to be sold for less than cost, in which case, they are written down by reference to replacement cost of the raw materials, as this is the best indicator of net realizable value. Inventory at December 31, 2018 related to inventory held by DenseLight. Inventory at March 31, 2019 has been reclassified to non-current asset held for sale (see Note 21).

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Immediately before classification as held for sale, the assets or components of a disposal group are remeasured in accordance with the Company's other accounting policies. Thereafter, generally the assets or disposal group are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Any impairment loss on a disposal group is first allocated to goodwill, and then to the remaining assets and liabilities on a pro rata basis, except that no loss is allocated to inventories or financial assets. Impairment losses on initial recognition as held for sale and subsequent gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss. Gains are not recognised in excess of any cumulative impairment loss.

Once classified as held for sale, intangible assets, right of use asset and property and equipment are no longer amortised or depreciated.

All assets and liabilities of the Company's subsidiary, DenseLight, have been classified as non-current asset held for sale or disposal group liabilities (See note 21).

#### Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is calculated based on the estimated useful life of the asset using the following method and useful lives:

Machinery and equipment Straight Line, 5 years

Leasehold improvements Straight Line, 5 years or life of the lease, whichever is less

Office equipment Straight Line, 5 years

#### Patents and licenses

Patents and licenses are recorded at cost and amortized on a straight line basis over 12 years. Ongoing maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

#### Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company's tangible and intangible assets are reviewed for indications of impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable. An assessment is made at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired.

An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit and loss for the year. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is reversed if there is an indication that there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquired business over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired net of liabilities assumed. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses and is not amortized. Goodwill is tested for impairment on an annual basis in the fourth quarter or whenever facts or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may exceed its recoverable amount.

Goodwill related to DenseLight has been reclassified to non-current assets held for sale at March 31, 2019 (see Note 21).

#### Income taxes

The Company follows the liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, deferred income taxes are provided on differences between the financial reporting and income tax bases of assets and liabilities and on income tax losses available to be carried forward to future years for tax purposes. Deferred income taxes are measured using the substantively enacted tax rates and laws that are expected to be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets are only recognized if the amount is expected to be realized in the future.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company recognizes revenue when it transfers control over a product or service to a customer.

#### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized, net of discounts and customer rebates, at the point in time the transfer of control of the related products has taken place as specified in the sales contract and collectability is reasonably assured.

#### Service revenue

The Company provides contract services, primarily in the form of non-recurring revenue ("NRE") where control is passed to the customer over time. The contracts generally provide agreed upon milestones for customer payment which include but are not limited to the delivery of sample products, design reports and test reports. The customer makes payment when it has approved the delivery of the milestone. The Company must determine if the contract is made up of a series of independent performance obligations or a single performance obligation. Where NRE contracts contain multiple performance obligations for which a standalone transaction price can be assessed, revenue is recognized as each performance obligation is satisfied. Where NRE contracts contain a single performance obligation to be settled over time, revenue is recognized progressively based on the output method.

#### Other income

#### Interest income

Interest income on cash is recognized as earned using the effective interest method.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Research and Development Credits**

The Company is eligible to receive cash credits for certain qualifying research and development expenses based on actual spending over a three year period, with an expectation that the credits will not exceed a certain dollar value over the three year period. At March 31, 2019, the Company has a recoverable amount of \$896,986 relating to these research and development credits and is classified as non-current asset held for sale. December 31, 2018, the Company's recoverable amount of \$1,905,593 was classified as prepaid and other current assets.

#### Intangible assets

#### Research and development costs

Research costs are expensed in the year incurred. Development costs are also expensed in the year incurred unless the Company believes a development project meets IFRS criteria as set out in IAS 38, *Intangible Assets*, for deferral and amortization. IAS 38 requires all research costs be charged to expense while development costs are capitalised only after technical and commercial feasibility of the asset for sale or use have been established. This means that the entity must intend and be able to complete the intangible asset and either use it or sell it and be able to demonstrate how the asset will generate future economic benefits. Development costs are tested for impairment whenever events or changes indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable.

#### **In-Process Research and Development**

Under IFRS, in-process research and development ("IPR&D") acquired in a business combination that meets the definition of an intangible asset is capitalized with amortization commencing when the asset is ready for use (i.e., when development is complete). The Company acquired \$714,000 of IPR&D when it acquired BB Photonics Inc. in 2016. The development of this IPR&D is still incomplete, therefore no amortization has been charged against IPR&D.

#### **Customer relationships**

Intangible assets include customer relationships acquired with the acquisition of DenseLight. Customer relationships is an externally acquired intangible asset and is measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Customer relationships are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives and is tested for impairment whenever events or changes indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. The useful life of customer relationships was determined to be 5 years. Customer relationships has been classified as non-current asset held for sale at March 31, 2019.

#### Stock-based compensation

Stock options and warrants awarded to non employees are measured using the fair value of the goods or services received unless that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case measurement is based on the fair value of the stock options. Stock options and warrants awarded to employees are accounted for using the fair value method. The fair value of such stock options and warrants granted is recognized as an expense on a proportionate basis consistent with the vesting features of each tranche of the grant. The fair value is calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with assumptions applicable at the date of grant.

#### Loss per share

Basic loss per share for both continuing operations and discontinued operations, net of taxes is calculated by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted loss per share is calculated by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period after giving effect to potentially dilutive financial instruments. The dilutive effect of stock options and warrants is determined using the treasury stock method.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 3. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

#### Recently adopted accounting policy

IFRS 16, Leases ("IFRS 16") sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract, the customer (lessee) and the supplier (lessor). This replaces IAS 17, Leases ("IAS 17") and related Interpretations. IFRS 16 provides revised guidance on identifying a lease and for separating lease and non-lease components of a contract. IFRS 16 introduces a single accounting model for all lessees and requires a lessee to recognize right of use assets and lease liabilities for leases with terms of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value, and depreciation of lease assets is reported separately from interest on lease liabilities in the income statement. Under IFRS 16, lessor accounting for operating and finance leases will remain substantially unchanged. IFRS 16 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with earlier application permitted for entities that apply IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The Company adopted this new standard using the modified retrospective method on January 1, 2019. The adoption of IFRS 16, resulted in a right of use asset and liability of \$892,300. The carrying value of the right of use asset and lease liability have been classified as non-current asset held for sale and disposal group liability at March 31, 2019 (notes 15 and 21).

#### 4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The carrying amounts of accounts receivable approximate their fair value and are originally denominated in the following currencies before conversion to US dollars below:

		Marc	h 31, 2019	Dec	ember 31, 2018
Product sales Product sales Loss allowance	United States dollars Singapore dollar	\$	- - -	\$	713,744 273,815 (40,615)
		\$	-	\$	946,944

In determining the recoverability of a trade receivable, the Company considers any change in the credit quality of the trade receivable from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired relates to customers that the company has assessed to be creditworthy based on the credit evaluation process performed by management which considers both customers' overall credit profile and its payment history with the Company. Trade receivables at March 31, 2019 has been grouped with non-current asset held for sale.

#### 5. PREPAIDS AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

The following table reflects the details of prepaids and other current assets:

	Ma	arch 31, 2019	De	cember 31, 2018
Sales tax recoverable and other current assets	\$	150,404	\$	85,658
Research and development credit		•		1,905,593
Security deposits on leased properties		•		233,983
Equipment and materials deposit		-		711,385
	\$	150,404	\$	2,936,619

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 6. INVENTORY

INVERTOR!	Marci	n <b>31</b> , De	cember 31,
	2	<b>019</b>	2018
Raw materials	\$	•	98,370
Finished goods	-		212,361
Work in process	-		126,102
	\$ -	\$	436,833

Inventory at December 31, 2018 relates to inventory held by DenseLight. Inventory at March 31, 2019 has been reclassified to non-current asset held for sale (see Note 21).

#### 7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

		ment not ervice	Leasehold improvements	Machinery and equipment	Office equipment	Total	
Cost							
Balance, January 1, 2018		581,074	\$ 667,342	\$ 10,795,468 \$	373,913	\$ 12,417,797	
Additions		67,894	-	-	50,258	3,718,152	
Reclassification	(1,	086,895)	-	881,221	202,674	(3,000)	
Impairment and disposals		- (40,000)	-	(611,875)	(3,665)	(615,540)	
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		(19,920)	-	(46,829)	(1,739)	(68,488)	
Balance, December 31, 2018	3,	142,153	667,342	11,017,985	621,441	15,448,921	
Additions		131,953	-	-	12,574	144,527	
Reclassification (1)	(3,	276,199)	(667,342)	(10,506,830)	(556,185)	(15,006,556)	
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates		2,093	-	-	499	2,592	
Balance,March 31, 2019		-	-	511,155	78,329	589,484	
Accumulated Depreciation Balance, January 1, 2018		<del>-</del>	216,688	3,665,782	257,157	4,139,627	
		_	133,809	2.201.133	133,662	2.468.604	
Depreciation		-	133,809 -	2,201,133 (455,158)	133,662 (3,665)	2,468,604 (458,823)	
Depreciation Impairment and disposals		-	<u>- ´</u>	(455,158)	(3,665)	(458,823)	
Depreciation Impairment and disposals Balance, December 31, 2018		- - -	133,809 - 350,497	(455,158) 5,411,757	(3,665)	(458,823) 6,149,408	
Depreciation Impairment and disposals		- - - -	<u>- ´</u>	(455,158)	(3,665)	(458,823)	
Depreciation Impairment and disposals  Balance, December 31, 2018 Depreciation for the period		-	350,497 -	(455,158) 5,411,757 17,228	(3,665) 387,154 16,285	(458,823) 6,149,408 33,513	
Depreciation Impairment and disposals  Balance, December 31, 2018 Depreciation for the period Reclassification <sup>(1)</sup>		-	350,497 -	(455,158) 5,411,757 17,228 (5,044,288)	(3,665) 387,154 16,285 (341,195)	(458,823) 6,149,408 33,513 (5,735,980)	
Depreciation Impairment and disposals  Balance, December 31, 2018 Depreciation for the period Reclassification <sup>(1)</sup> Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 3,	- - - - - 142,153	350,497 - (350,497)	(455,158) 5,411,757 17,228 (5,044,288) 384,697	(3,665) 387,154 16,285 (341,195) 62,244	(458,823) 6,149,408 33,513 (5,735,980)	

<sup>(1)</sup> Reclassification to non-current assets held for sale as a result of discontinued operations

#### 8. PATENTS AND LICENSES

Cost Balance, January 1, 2018 Additions Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	\$ 670,430 67,608 (352)
Balance, December 31, 2018 Additions Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates Reclassification <sup>(1)</sup>	737,686 8,665 111 (27,240)
Balance, March 31, 2019	719,222

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 8. PATENTS AND LICENSES (Continued)

Accumulated Depreciation Balance, January 1, 2018 Amortization	214,180 56,792	
Balance, December 31, 2018 Amortization during the period	270,972 14,705	
Balance, March 31, 2019	285,677	
Carrying Amounts		
At December 31, 2018	\$ 466,714	
At March 31, 2019	\$ 433,545	

<sup>(1)</sup> Reclassification to non-current assets held for sale as a result of discontinued operations

#### 9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Т	Customer Technology Relationships Total			
Cost Balance, January 1, 2018 and December 31, 2018 Reclassification (1)	\$	714,000 S	\$ 186,131 (186,131)		900,131 (186,131)
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$	714,000	\$ -	\$	714,000
Accumulated Depreciation Balance, January 1, 2018 Amortization		- -	60,494 37,228		60,494 37,228
Balance, December 31, 2018 Reclassification <sup>(1)</sup>		- -	97,722 (97,722)		97,722 (97,722)
Balance, March 31, 2019		-	-		-
Carrying Amounts At December 31, 2018	\$	714,000	\$ 88,409	\$	802,409
At March 31, 2019	\$	714,000	\$	\$	714,000

<sup>(1)</sup> Reclassification to non-current assets held for sale as a result of discontinued operations

#### 10. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

		31, De 019	cember 31, 2018
Trade payable Payroll related liabilities Accrued liabilities	21	7,693 \$ 0,972 1,531	2,269,845 595,720 174,857
	\$ 63	0,196 \$	3,040,422

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 11. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) AUTHORIZED

Unlimited number of common shares

One special voting share

(b) COMMON SHARES ISSUED

	Number of		
	Shares		Amount
		_	
Balance, January 1, 2018	260,018,853	\$	103,616,221
Common shares issued on public offering	25,090,700		10,663,548
Share issue costs	=		(1,131,990)
Fair value of warrants issued on public offering	=		(2,286,426)
Fair value of compensation options issued to brokers	=		(479,204)
Funds from the exercise of stock options	372,250		87,974
Fair value of stock options exercised	-		82,330
Funds from the exercise of warrants and compensation warrants	2,600,500		1,028,471
Fair value of warrants and compensation warrants exercised	-		447,270
Balance, December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019	288,082,303	\$	112,028,194

#### 12. WARRANTS AND COMPENSATION OPTIONS

The following table reflects the continuity of warrants and compensation options:

	Averag	storical je Exercise Price Con	Number of Warrants/ npensation opti	Historical ons Fair value
Balance, January 1, 2018 Fair value of warrants issued on public offering Historical fair value assigned to warrants exercised Fair value of compensation options issued to brokers	\$	0.39 0.58 0.39 0.43	34,800,000 12,545,350 (2,600,500) 1,505,442	\$ 5,985,378 2,286,426 (447,270) 479,204
Balance, December 31, 2018 and March 31, 2019	\$	0.44	46,250,292	\$ 8,303,738

#### 13. STOCK OPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS

#### **Stock Options**

On June 21, 2018, shareholders of the Company approved amendments to the Company's fixed 20% stock option plan (as amended, previously referred to as the "2016 plan", now referred to as the "2018 Plan"). Under the 2018 Plan, the board of directors may grant options to acquire common shares of the Company to qualified directors, officers, employees and consultants. The 2018 Plan provides that the number of common shares issuable pursuant to options granted under the 2018 Plan and pursuant to other previously granted options is limited to 57,611,360 (the "Number Reserved"). Any subsequent increase in the Number Reserved must be approved by shareholders of the Company and cannot, at the time of the increase, exceed 20% of the number of issued and outstanding shares. The stock options vest in accordance with the policies determined by the Board of Directors from time to time consistent with the provisions of the 2018 Plan which grants discretion to the Board of Directors.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 13. STOCK OPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS (Continued)

Stock option transactions and the number of stock options outstanding were as follows:

	We Number of Options	Historical eighted average Exercise Price
Balance, January 1, 2018	33,090,291	\$ 0.68
Expired/cancelled	(1,944,791)	0.74
Exercised	(372,250)	0.26
Granted	13,690,479	0.34
Balance, December 31, 2018	44,463,729	0.58
Granted	340,000	0.24
Balance, March 31, 2019	44,803,729	\$ 0.58

During the period ended March 31, 2019, the Company granted 340,000 (Q1 2018 - 7,763,480) stock options to employees and consultants of the Company to purchase common shares at an average price of \$0.24 (Q1 2018 - \$0.39) per share.

During the period ended March 31, 2019, the Company recorded stock-based compensation of \$832,433 (Q1 2018 - \$792,122) relating to stock options that vested during the period. \$110,106 (Q1 2018 - \$92,209) of the stock-based compensation applicable to employees of DenseLight has been reclassified to discontinued operations.

The stock options granted were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions:

2040

	<u>2019</u>	<u>Q1 2018</u>
Weighted average exercise price	\$0.24	\$0.39
Weighted average risk-free interest rate	1.81%	2.10%
Weighted average dividend yield	0%	0%
Weighted average volatility	93.44%	103.83%
Weighted average estimated life	5.6 years	10 years
Weighted average share price	\$0.24	\$0.39
Share price on the various grant dates:	\$0.24 - \$0.26	\$0.18 - \$0.40
Weighted average fair value	\$0.18	\$0.35

The underlying expected volatility was determined by reference to the Company's historical share price movements, its dividend policy and dividend yield and past experience relating to the expected life of granted stock options.

04 2040

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 13. STOCK OPTIONS AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS (Continued)

The weighted average remaining contractual life and weighted average exercise price of options outstanding and of options exercisable as at March 31, 2019 are as follows:

	Options Outstanding Options Exe				Options Exercis	able	
Exercise Number Range Outstanding			Historical Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Number Exercisable	W A E	istorical /eighted verage xercise Price
\$0.11 - \$0.20	693.750	\$	0.19	6.89	693.750	\$	0.19
\$0.21 - \$0.24	10,773,750	\$	0.22	8.38	6,416,251	\$	0.22
\$0.25 - \$0.29	4,249,499	\$	0.26	8.60	2,433,375	\$	0.26
\$0.30 - \$0.86	16,604,730	\$	0.40	8.46	5,698,480	\$	0.43
\$0.87 - \$1.64	12,482,000	\$	1.24	1.05	11,335,339	\$	1.28
	44,803,729	\$	0.58	6.36	26,577,195	\$	0.72

#### **Contributed Surplus**

The following table reflects the continuity of contributed surplus:

	Amount
Balance, January 1, 2018	\$ 32,102,967
Stock-based compensation	4,022,117
Fair value of stock options exercised	(82,330)
Balance, December 31, 2018	36,042,754
Stock-based compensation	832,433
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 36,875,187

#### 14. LOSS PER SHARE

		Three Months Ended March 31,		
		2019	2018	
Numerator Net loss from continuing operations Net loss from discontinued operations Net loss	\$ \$	(1,823,883) \$ (858,659) \$ (2,682,542) \$		
Denominator Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		288,082,303	263,807,060	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - diluted		288,082,303	263,807,060	
Basic and diluted loss per share, continuing operations Basic and diluted loss per share, discontinued operations	\$ \$	(0.01) \$ - \$	(0.01)	
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$	(0.01) \$	(0.01)	

The effect of common share purchase options, warrants and compensation options on the net loss in 2019 and 2018 is not reflected as they are anti-dilutive.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has operating leases on three facilities; head office located in Toronto, Canada, design and testing operations located in San Jose, California and operating facilities located in Singapore. The Company's design and testing operations terminated a lease on January 31, 2017 and initiated a new lease on February 1, 2017 which expires on January 31, 2020. The lease on the Company's operating facilities was renewed on February 16, 2019 and expires on February 15, 2022. As at March 31, 2019, the Company's head office was on a month to month lease term

On January 1, 2019, the Company adopted IFRS, 16 Leases. Upon adoption of IFRS 16, the Company recognized a lease liability and right of use asset relating to a new lease entered into on February 15, 2019 for its operating facilities in Singapore. The lease liability was measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate of 12%.

Right of use asset	Building
Cost	_
Balance, January 1, 2019	\$ -
Additions	892,300
Reclassification	(892,300)
Balance, March 31, 2019	-
Lease liability	
Balance, January 1, 2019	\$ -
Additions	892,300
Interest expense	13,384
Lease payments	(46,439)
Reclassification	(859,245)

Right of use asset and lease liability have been reclassified to non-current asset held for sale and disposal group liability (Note 21).

As a practical expedient, the Company has elected to expense the remaining lease payments on a monthly basis for leases that expire within 12 months from January 1, 2019. Such leases are treated as short-term leases. Remaining lease payments on such leases total \$38,200.

#### 16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Compensation to key management personnel were as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2019		2018	
Salaries	\$ 370,833	\$	262,083	
Share-based payments (1)	547,291		472,069	
Total	\$ 918,124	\$	734,152	

<sup>(1)</sup> Share-based payments are the fair value of options granted to key management personnel and expensed during the various periods as calculated using the Black-Scholes model.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### (Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

In order to conserve cash, all management and directors agreed to defer certain cash compensation to a point when the Company is sufficiently capitalized. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities include \$82,166 payable to related parties as of March 31, 2019.

Compensation to the president and general manager of DenseLight is included in discontinued operations.

All transactions with related parties have occurred in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amounts, which are the amounts of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

#### 17. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company and its subsidiaries operate in a single segment; the design, manufacture and sale of semi-conductor products and services for commercial applications. The Company's operating and reporting segment reflects the management reporting structure of the organization and the manner in which the chief operating decision maker regularly assesses information for decision making purposes, including the allocation of resources. A summary of the Company's operations is below:

#### **ODIS**

Odis is the developer of the POET platform semiconductor process IP for monolithic fabrication of integrated circuit devices containing both electronic and optical elements on a single die.

#### **BB Photonics**

BB Photonics develops photonic integrated components for the datacom and telecom markets utilizing embedded dielectric technology that enables the low-cost integration of active and passive devices into photonic integrated circuits.

#### DenseLight

DenseLight designs, manufactures, and delivers photonic optical light source products and packaging solutions to the communications, medical, instrumentation, industrial, and security industries. DenseLight processes III-V based optoelectronic devices and photonic integrated circuits through its in-house wafer fabrication and assembly & test facilities.

On a consolidated basis, the Company operates geographically in Singapore, the United States and Canada. Geographical information is as follows:

2019

As of March 31,	Singapore	US	Canada	(	Consolidated
Current assets	\$ 20,901,110	\$ 402,678	\$ 702,976	\$	22,006,764
Property and equipment	-	142,543	-		142,543
Patents and licenses	-	433,545	_		433,545
Goodwill and intangibles assets	-	1,764,459	-		1,764,459
Total Assets	\$ 20,901,110	\$ 2,743,225	\$ 702,976	\$	24,347,311

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 17. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

					20	19			
Three Months Ended March 31,  Selling, marketing and administration Research and development Other (income) loss including Interest income	Singapore		US		Canada		Consolidated		
	\$	<del>-</del> -	\$	1,254,733 211,242	\$	270,140 91,012 (3,244)	\$	1,524,873 302,254 (3,244)	
Net loss from continuing		-		-		(3,244)		(3,244)	
operations Loss from discontinued	\$	-	\$	1,465,975	\$	357,908	\$	1,823,883	
operations, net of taxes	\$	858,659	\$	-	\$	-	\$	858,659	
Net loss	\$	858,659	\$	1,465,975	\$	357,908	\$	2,682,542	

	2018								
As of December 31,	Singapore			US		Canada	Consolidated		
Current assets Property and equipment Patents and licenses Goodwill and intangible assets	\$	4,283,008 9,136,694 18,464 6,718,953	\$	302,405 162,819 448,250 1,764,459	\$	2,302,851 - - -	\$	6,888,264 9,299,513 466,714 8,483,412	
Total Assets	\$	20,157,119	\$	2,677,933	\$	2,302,851	\$	25,137,903	

or the three months ended March 31,		Singapore	US		Canada	Consolidated		
Selling, marketing and administration Research and development	\$	- -	\$	1,219,160 505,820	\$ 229,737 104,630	\$	1,448,897 610,450	
Net loss from continuing operations Loss from discontinued	\$	-	\$	1,724,980	\$ 334,367	\$	2,059,347	
operations, net of taxes	\$	1,115,460	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,115,460	
Net loss	\$	1,115,460	\$	1,724,980	\$ 334,367	\$	3,174,807	

#### 18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, non-current asset held for sale, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest risk arising from these financial instruments. The Company estimates that the fair value of these instruments approximates fair value due to their short term nature.

The Company has classified financial assets and (liabilities) as follows:

	Ma	rch 31, Dec 2019	cember 31, 2018
Fair value through profit or loss, measured at amortized cost:  Cash	\$	955,250 \$	2,567,868
Loans and receivable, measured at amortized cost:  Accounts receivable	Ą	999,290 <b>p</b>	946,944
Other liabilities, measured at amortized cost: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(630,196)	(3,040,422)

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### Credit Risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk associated with its accounts receivable. The Company has accounts receivable from both governmental and non-governmental agencies. Credit risk is minimized substantially by ensuring the credit worthiness of the entities with which it carries on business. Credit terms are provided on a case by case basis. The Company has not experienced any significant instances of non-payment from its customers.

The Company's accounts receivable ageing was as follows:

genig nac actions.	Marc	ch 31, 2019	Dece	ember 31, 2018
Current	\$	-	\$	892,343
31 - 60 days	·	-	•	34,331
61 - 90 days		-		60,885
> 90 days		-		-
Expected credit losses (1)		-		(40,615)
	\$	-	\$	946,944

<sup>(1)</sup> The Company applies IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables.

#### **Exchange Rate Risk**

The functional currency of each of the entities included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements is the local currency where the entity is domiciled. Functional currencies include the US, Singapore and Canadian dollar. Most transactions within the entities are conducted in functional currencies. As such, none of the entities included in the consolidated financial statements engage in hedging activities. The Company is exposed to a foreign currency risk with the Canadian and Singapore dollar. A 10% change in the Canadian and Singapore dollar would increase or decrease other comprehensive loss or discontinued operations by \$232,349.

#### Liquidity Risk

The Company currently does not maintain credit facilities. The Company's existing cash and cash resources are considered sufficient to fund operating and investing activities beyond one year from the issuance of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### 19. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

In the management of capital, the Company includes shareholders' equity (excluding accumulated other comprehensive loss and deficit), cash and short-term investments. The components of capital on March 31, 2019 were:

Cash \$ 955,250 Shareholders' equity \$157,207,119

The Company's objective in managing capital is to ensure that financial flexibility is present to increase shareholder value through growth and responding to changes in economic and/or market conditions; to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business and to safeguard the Company's ability to obtain financing should the need arise.

In maintaining its capital, the Company has a strict investment policy which includes investing its surplus capital only in highly liquid, highly rated financial instruments.

The Company reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 20. EXPENSES

Research and development costs can be analysed as follows:

	Three Moi Marc	
	2019	2018
Wages and benefits	\$ 191,193	\$ 162,778
Stock-based compensation	88,427	54,648
Subcontract fees	18,672	336,816
Supplies	3,962	56,208
	\$ 302,254	\$ 610,450

Selling, marketing and administration costs can be analysed as follows:

Stock-based compensation	\$	633,900	\$	645,265
Wages and benefits		399,190		358,421
General expenses		224,163		144,064
Professional fees		168,623		185,865
Depreciation and amortization		48,216		44,809
Management and consulting fees		31,033		50,185
Rent and facility costs		19,748		20,288
	\$ '	1,524,873	\$ 1	,448,897

#### 21. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On February 3, 2019, the Company signed a non-binding Letter of Intent (LOI) for the sale of all the outstanding shares of DenseLight. Key terms of the LOI include proposed cash consideration in the range of \$26 - \$30 million, including a \$4 million earn-out provision, no-shop and confidentiality clauses, and an undertaking to enter into key operating agreements, including a preferred supply agreement and a long-term strategic cooperation agreement among the parties. The parties expect to complete the signing of the definitive transaction agreements on or before September 15, 2019. The broad terms of the LOI and the consummation of any transaction are subject to further due diligence, the negotiation of definitive agreements and obtaining required approvals by all parties, including but not limited to the TSX Venture Exchange and a majority of the Company's shareholders.

On February 3, 2019, management committed to a plan to sell its subsidiary, DenseLight. The decision was taken in line with a strategy to focus on the Company's opportunities related to its Optical Interposer. The divestiture of DenseLight will immediately reduce the Company's operating losses and cash burn, while allowing the Company to pursue a "fab-light" strategy with a less capital-intensive business model that is focused on growing the Optical Interposer business through targeted investments in the design, development and sale of vertical market solutions. Consequently, all saleable assets and liabilities relating to DenseLight are classified as "Non-current assets held for sale" or "disposal group liabilities". An impairment assessment was done on the assets that are held for sale. It was determined that no assets were impaired either on the date management committed to a plan of sale or on March 31, 2019.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 21. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (Continued)

As at March 31, 2019, the disposal group comprised the following assets and liabilities:

#### Non-current assets held for sale

Accounts receivable Prepaids and other current assets Inventories Right of use asset Equipment Intangible assets Goodwill	\$ 1,154,724 2,364,959 444,636 892,300 9,298,298 115,649 6,630,544
Non-current assets held for sale	\$ 20,901,110

#### Disposal group liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Lease liabilities Deferred revenue Deferred tax liability	\$ 2,394,377 859,245 125,596 707,687
Disposal group liabilities	\$ 4,086,905

Revenue and expenses, and gains and losses relating to the discontinued activity have been removed from the results of continuing operations and are shown as a single line item on the face of the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss. The operating results of the discontinued operations can be analysed as follows:

#### Results of discontinued operations

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2018	2018			
Revenue	\$ 1,832,241	\$ 673,229			
Cost of revenue	362,977	268,178			
Gross margin	1,469,264	405,051			
Operating expenses Selling, marketing and administration	656,043	1,216,639			
Research and development Other income	1,748,819 (76,939)	1,139,466 (761,109)			
Operating expenses	2,327,923	1,594,996			
Net loss before income tax recovery Income tax recovery	(858,659) -	(1,189,945) (74,485)			
Net loss	\$ (858,659)	\$ (1,115,460)			

Until the assets are sold, the Company will continue to earn revenue and incur expenses. Such activity will continue to be reported in the discontinued operations.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 21. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (Continued)

#### **Disaggregated Revenues**

The Company disaggregates revenue by timing of revenue recognition, that is, at a point in time and revenue over time. Disaggregated revenue is as follows:

		nths Ended arch 31,
	2019	2018
Non-contract revenue (at a point in time)(1)(3)	\$ 609,027	
Contract revenue (revenue over time) <sup>(2)(3)</sup> Contract revenue (at a point in time) <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	1,110,714 112,500	
	\$ 1,832,241	\$ -

- (1) Revenue from the sale of products.
- (2) Revenue from long-term projects or non-recurring engineering (NRE).
- (3) All revenue was generated from the Singapore geographic region.

#### **Revenue Contract Balances**

	Rec	Cont eivables	ract Liabilities
Balance, January 1, 2018 Revenues recognized	\$	40,000 626,667	\$ - (626,667)
Changes due to payment, fulfillment of performance obligations or other		(606,667)	626,667
Balance, December 31, 2018 Revenues recognized Changes due to payment, fulfillment of performance obligations		60,000 1,223,214	- (1,290,000)
Changes due to payment, fulfillment of performance obligations or other		(762,976)	1,164,404
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$	520,238	\$ (125,596)

The timing and satisfaction of the Company's performance obligations under contracts with customers is generally in line with the timing of payments from customers, as a result the Company will either not have material contract assets or liabilities or payment for contract assets will be current.

#### **Performance Obligations**

The Company typically satisfies its performance obligations when services are rendered or products are delivered and accepted by the customer. Consideration is fixed and payment terms are consistent with the Company's terms for the sale of its products.

The aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the performance obligations that are unsatisfied as of March 31, 2019 was \$1,418,214 (2018 - \$2,600,000). The Company expects to satisfy this amount over the next 12 months.

Judgements were used in determining the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers. The timing of satisfaction of performance obligations was determined by the delivery of products or services that met the customer's expectations. The transaction price and the amount allocated to performance obligations was determined using market rates that would be reasonable for the services or products provided.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 21. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (Continued)

Research and development costs included in discontinued operations can be analysed as follows:

		Three Months Ended March 31,		
		2019		2018
Wages and benefits	\$	1,004,633	\$	717,687
Supplies		461,647		267,785
Subcontract fees		205,799		96,93
Stock-based compensation		76,740		57,059
	\$	1,748,819	\$	1,139,466
Selling, marketing and administration costs included in discontinued op	perations can be a	nalysed as fo	ollo	ws:
Depreciation and amortization	\$	-	\$	551,206
Rent and facility costs		218,731		222,442
Wages and benefits		206,641		263,353
General expenses		169,381		132,587
Stock-based compensation		33,366		35,150
Professional fees		14,540		11,90
Interest expense		13,384		-
	\$	656,043	\$	1,216,639
Cash flows from (used in) discontinued operations		Ma		ns Ended
Cash flows from (used in) discontinued operations				
		Ma		n 31,
Cash flows from (used in) discontinued operations  CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Ma		n 31,
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss	\$	2019	arch	1 <b>31</b> ,
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss  Adjustments for:	\$	2019	arch	2018 2018 (1,115,46
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss  Adjustments for:  Depreciation of property and equipment	\$	2019	arch	2018
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss  Adjustments for:  Depreciation of property and equipment  Amortization of right of use asset	\$	2019	arch	2018 2018 (1,115,46 542,98
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss Adjustments for: Depreciation of property and equipment Amortization of right of use asset Amortization of intangibles	\$	(858,659)	arch	2018 2018 (1,115,46
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss Adjustments for: Depreciation of property and equipment Amortization of right of use asset Amortization of intangibles Interest expense	\$	(858,659) 13,384	arch	1 31, 2018 (1,115,46 542,98 - 9,30
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss Adjustments for: Depreciation of property and equipment Amortization of right of use asset Amortization of intangibles Interest expense Stock-based compensation	\$	(858,659)	arch	2018 2018 (1,115,46 542,98 - 9,30 - 92,20
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss Adjustments for: Depreciation of property and equipment Amortization of right of use asset Amortization of intangibles Interest expense Stock-based compensation Income tax recovery	\$	(858,659) 13,384	\$	2018 2018 (1,115,46 542,98 - 9,30 - 92,20 (74,48
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss Adjustments for: Depreciation of property and equipment Amortization of right of use asset Amortization of intangibles Interest expense Stock-based compensation Income tax recovery Deferred rent	\$	(858,659) 13,384 110,106	\$	131, 2018 (1,115,46 542,98 - 9,30 - 92,20 (74,48 (5,63
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss Adjustments for: Depreciation of property and equipment Amortization of right of use asset Amortization of intangibles Interest expense Stock-based compensation Income tax recovery Deferred rent  Net change in non-cash working capital accounts:	\$	(858,659)	\$	131, 2018 (1,115,46 542,98 - 93,00 - 92,20 (74,48 (5,63
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss Adjustments for: Depreciation of property and equipment Amortization of right of use asset Amortization of intangibles Interest expense Stock-based compensation Income tax recovery Deferred rent  Net change in non-cash working capital accounts: Accounts receivable	\$	(858,659)	\$	131, 2018 (1,115,46 542,98 - 93,00 - 92,20 (74,48 (5,63 (551,07 (15,75
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss Adjustments for: Depreciation of property and equipment Amortization of right of use asset Amortization of intangibles Interest expense Stock-based compensation Income tax recovery Deferred rent  Net change in non-cash working capital accounts: Accounts receivable Prepaid and other current assets	\$	(858,659)	\$	131, 2018 (1,115,46 542,98 - 93,00 - 92,20 (74,48 (5,63 (551,07 (15,75 (826,79
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss Adjustments for: Depreciation of property and equipment Amortization of right of use asset Amortization of intangibles Interest expense Stock-based compensation Income tax recovery Deferred rent  Net change in non-cash working capital accounts: Accounts receivable Prepaid and other current assets Inventory	\$	(858,659)	\$	131, 2018 (1,115,46 542,98 - 9,30 - 92,20 (74,48 (5,63) (551,07 (15,75 (826,79 99,03
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss Adjustments for: Depreciation of property and equipment Amortization of right of use asset Amortization of intangibles Interest expense Stock-based compensation Income tax recovery Deferred rent  Net change in non-cash working capital accounts: Accounts receivable Prepaid and other current assets Inventory Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	(858,659)	\$	131, 2018 (1,115,46 542,98 - 9,30 - 92,20 (74,48 (5,63) (551,07 (15,75 (826,79 99,03
CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY:  OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net loss Adjustments for: Depreciation of property and equipment Amortization of right of use asset Amortization of intangibles Interest expense Stock-based compensation Income tax recovery Deferred rent  Net change in non-cash working capital accounts: Accounts receivable Prepaid and other current assets Inventory	\$	(858,659)	\$	2018 2018 (1,115,46 542,98

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 21. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (Continued)

INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment Purchase of patents and licenses	(144,527) (8,665)	(1,034,693) -
Cash flows from investing activities	(153,192)	(1,034,693)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payment of lease liability	(46,439)	-
Cash flows from financing activities	(46,439)	-
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH	651	(63,179)
NET CHANGE IN CASH	\$ (752,900)	\$ (1,647,512)

#### 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On April 1, 2019 the Company announced that it arranged for certain financing required to bridge the Company to the previously announced anticipated sale of its DenseLight subsidiary. That sale is scheduled to be completed in September 2019, subject to certain conditions including shareholder and other approvals. The Company expects to generate cash proceeds of approximately \$26 million to \$30 million (CAD\$34.5 million to CAD\$40 million) upon completion of the DenseLight sale.

The first component of the financing consists of the issuance of up to CAD\$14 million principal amount of 12% convertible unsecured debentures (the "Convertible Debentures") of the Company. The Convertible Debentures will be sold in multiple tranches over upcoming months, as needed, on a brokered private placement basis through the Company's financial advisors, IBK Capital. The Company closed the first tranche of Convertible Debentures, for gross proceeds of \$1,446,027 (CAD\$1,929,000) on April 3, 2019. The Company paid \$77,479 (CAD\$103,357) in brokerage fees related to this closing.

On May 3, 2019, the Company closed the second tranche of Convertible Debentures, for gross proceeds of \$1,089,552 (CAD\$1,460,000). The Company paid \$57,160 (CAD\$76,594) in brokerage fees related to this closing.

The Debentures are unsecured, bearing interest at 12% per annum, compounded annually with 1% payable at the beginning of each month and mature on April 3, 2021 and May 3, 2021. The Debentures are convertible at the option of the holders thereof into units at any time after October 31, 2019 at a conversion price of CAD\$0.40 per unit for a total 8,472,500 units of the Company. Each unit will consist of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each common share purchase warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of CAD\$0.50 per share for a period of two years from the date upon which the convertible debenture is converted into units. In the event that the sale of the Company's DenseLight subsidiary is completed, holders of Debentures have the right to cause the Company to repurchase the Debentures at face value, subject to certain restrictions. The Debentures are governed by a trust indenture dated April 3, 2019 between the Company and TSX Trust Company as trustee.

Insiders of the Company subscribed for 37% or \$535,000 (CAD\$710,000) of the first tranche of Convertible Debentures, including the Company's board of directors and senior management team. Insiders of IBK Capital subscribed for 10% or \$146,000 (CAD\$200,000) of this first tranche. Successive tranche closings in the coming months are each subject to approval by the TSX Venture Exchange.

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in US Dollars)

#### 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

The second component of the financing consists of a credit facility (the "Bridge Loan") to be provided by Espresso Capital Ltd which will grant the Company access to a maximum USD\$5,000,000. The Company signed the loan documents on April 18, 2019 and was advanced USD\$2,000,000 on April 23, 2019. In partial consideration of the USD\$5,000,000 gross credit facility available to the Company, and in connection with the initial advance of USD\$2,000,000, the Company issued to Espresso Capital warrants for the purchase of 3,289,500 common shares at a price of C\$0.35 per share. The Warrants expire on April 18, 2020.

Funds drawn on the Credit Facility bear interest at a rate of 17.25% per annum (the "Interest Rate"), calculated daily from the date of each advance until the earlier of the due date of each such advance, if any, and December 31, 2019 (the "Maturity Date"). The Interest Rate is comprised of 15% cash interest and 2.25% deferred interest. In the event the Company does not consummated the sale of Denselight by October 15, 2019, the interest rate will increase to 19.25% per annum, which rate shall be deemed to be retroactively applied from the date of the initial advance.